

EFEITO DA SUPLEMENTAÇÃO PROTEICA ASSOCIADO AO EXERCÍCIO RESISTIDO SOBRE O CONTROLE GLICÊMICO, PRODUTO DE GLICAÇÃO AVANÇADA, EQUILÍBRIO POSTURAL E FORÇA MUSCULAR EM IDOSOS VIVENDO DE DIABETES MELLITUS TIPO 2: ENSAIO CLÍNICO RANDOMIZADO E TRIPLO CEGO.

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Introdução

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ORIGINAL ARTICLE

WILEY

Effects of whey protein plus vitamin D supplementation combined with progressive resistance training on glycaemic control, body composition, muscle function and cardiometabolic risk factors in middle-aged and older overweight/obese adults with type 2 diabetes: A 24-week randomized controlled trial

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Nil Whey Protein Effect on Glycemic Control after Intense Mixed-Mode Training in Type 2 Diabetes

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Article

The Influence of Whey Protein on Muscle Strength, Glycemic Control and Functional Tasks in Older Adults with Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in a Resistance Exercise Program: Randomized and Triple Blind Clinical Trial

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JUSTIFICATIVA



**POUCOS ESTUDOS
EFEITO DA PROTEINA NO NÃO DIABÉTICO
EFEITO DO CARBOIDRATO NO DIABÉTICO**



Avaliar o efeito da suplementação proteica associado ao exercício resistido sobre o controle glicêmico, formação dos produtos de glicação avançada (AGE), equilíbrio postural, a força muscular em idosos vivendo com Diabetes Mellitus Tipo 2

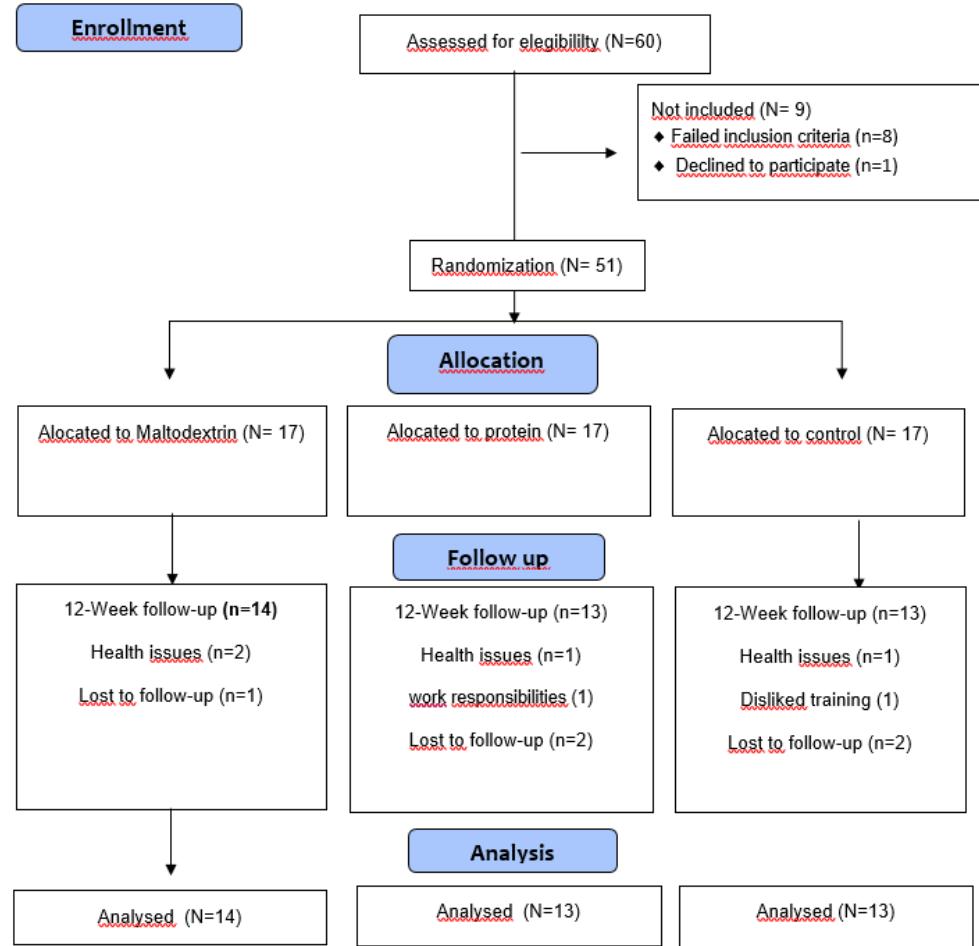
Ensaio clínico Triplo cego

- ✓ Paciente
- ✓ Professores
- ✓ Avaliação

Cep nº
39202214.8.0000.0065.

CAAE:

Registro no Trials (ClinicalTrials.gov
Identifier: NCT03792646).



Avaliação



Avaliação
clínica



Dados
demográficos
e da doença



FPP



Avaliação
isocinética



Equilíbrio
MiniBest



AGE

Analises bioquímica



Treinamento



Suplementação



2x por
semana, pós
treino

Proteína do soro do leite
Carboidrato – Maltodextrina
Placebo – água saborizada

Força Muscular

PRÉ E PÓS



AVALIAÇÃO ISOCINÉTICA

Extensores Dominante - PT

Flexores D e ND - Todos os grupos



SEM ≠ FPP

MINIBEST

Anticipatory adjustments								
Protein	4.3(0.8) ^a	5.2(0.7) ^a						
Maltodextrin	4.5(0.9) ^a	5.0(0.8) ^a	17.04	P<0.001*	0.01	0.98	5.11	0.01*
Control	4.8(1.0)	4.8(0.9)						
Postural responses								
Protein	5.4(0.7) ^a	5.5(0.8) ^a	7.41	0.009*	0.37	0.68	1.71	0.19
Maltodextrin	4.7(1.9)	5.7(0.4)						
Control	4.7(1.4)	5.4(1.6)						
Sensory orientation								
Protein	5.6(0.7)	6.0(0.0)	0.00	1.00	1.01	0.37	1,24	0.29
Maltodextrin	5.1(1.1)	6.0(0.0)						
Control	5.5(0.9)	5.8(0.5)						
Gait stability								
Protein	9.2(1.0)	7.9(3.6) ^{a,b,c}	0.44	P<0.001*	0.99	P<0.001*	2.86	P<0.001*
Maltodextrin	9.1(0.8)	8.9(2.7) ^{c,d}						
Control	9.0(0.8)	9.6(0.6) ^{b,d}						
Minibest Total								
Protein	24.7(1.9) ^a	26,5(1.4) ^a	33.89	P<0.001*	0.54	0.58	1.89	0.17
Maltodextrin	23.5(3.1) ^a	26.7(1.2) ^a						
Control	24.1(2.6) ^a	25.7(2.1) ^a						

PRÉ E PÓS



ENTRE OS GRUPOS

PRÉ E PÓS

Parameters	Pre (sd)	Post(sd)						
			Time effect		Group effect		Group*time effect	
			F	p	F	p	F	p
Frutosamine								
Protein	299.7(51.3)	268.3(37.2)	1.57	0.21	0.71	0.46	1.02	0.37
Maltodextrin	289.6(54.9)	289.5(54.9)						
Control	299.4(60.50)	305.5(45.0)						
Glucose								
Protein	138.8(38.2)	116.3(27.5)	0.00	0.96	3.01	0.06	2.67	0.08
Maltodextrin	111.9(22.4)	115.2(28.1)						
Control	132.8(39.2)	147.5(46.8)						
Insulin								
Protein	18.0(12.1) ^a	12.8(7.6) ^a	5.58	0.02*	1.87	0.16	1.24	0.30
Maltodextrin	17.0(15.1) ^a	11.5(5.7) ^a						
Control	9.1(4.1)	9.6(4.8)						
HOMA IR								
Protein	6.3(4.4) ^a	3.6(2.0) ^a	5.07	0.03*	1.33	0.27	2.18	0.12
Maltodextrin	4.9(5.6)	3.2(1.7)						
Control	3.1(1.7)	3.4(2.1)						
Glycated Hemoglobin								
Protein	7.1(1.2)	6.6(0.8)	1.07	0.30	1.99	0.14	0.77	0.46
Maltodextrin	6.6(0.9)	6.6(0.8)						
Control	7.4(1.0)	7.2(0.8)						
AGE								
Protein	3.4(0.9)	3.3(1.9)	0.47	0.49	0.46	0.63	0.45	0.64
Maltodextrin	2.9(0.5)	3.0(0.5)						
Control	3.0(0.6)	2.9(1.0)						

Conclusão



O consumo de PT em idosos vivendo com DM2 não aumentou o efeito do TR nas medidas de força muscular, equilíbrio postural, AGE, porém diminui a resistência à insulina

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